FROM SENTENCES TO ESSAYS

A Guide to Reflective Writing through Reflective Thinking Student's Edition

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Series in Education



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CHAPTER I-SENTENCES

In this chapter, you will learn:



- \checkmark about parts of speech and word order in English sentences
- \checkmark the difference between sentence and fragment
- ✓ the importance of subject-verb agreement
- ✓ different types of sentences

PARTS OF SPEECH

There are four major parts of speech in English: **nouns**, **verbs**, **adjectives** and **adverbs**. Other parts of speech include *pronouns*, *prepositions*, *conjunctions*, *determiners*, and *interjections*.

- Nouns refer to persons, things, and animals.
- Verbs refer to actions, events, and states.
- Adjectives describe nouns, and adverbs describe verbs.

NOUNS

Nouns can be either **count** or **noncount**. Count nouns have both singular and plural forms (*book/books*, *teacher/teachers*, *task/tasks*). Irregular nouns change their forms in the plural (*woman/women*, *child/children*, *life/lives*). In their singular forms, nouns are used together with the indefinite article a or an. Noncount nouns do not have plural forms (*information*, *knowledge*, *news*).

In addition, nouns can be either **common** or **proper**. Common nouns refer to people or things in general (*phone*, *country*, *week*). Proper nouns are the names of persons, places or things (*Jane*, *Australia*, *Friday*). Proper nouns in English are written with capital letters.

Nouns can also be **concrete** or **abstract**. Concrete nouns refer to physical people or things (*computer, notebook, desk*). Abstract nouns refer to ideas, concepts, and conditions that cannot be touched or seen (*happiness, imagination, thought*).

Finally, nouns can be **collective**, referring to groups of people or things (government, family, staff). In American English, most collective nouns are singular, and thus have a singular verb. In British English, however, both singular and plural forms are used. Examples: My family has a long history of depression. My family have a long history of depression. (Both are correct.)

I. ACTIVITY-IDENTIFY SINGULAR AND PLURAL NOUNS

The sentences below are based on sentences from "Narrative of the Life of Frederick Douglass, an American Slave."

a. Find in the text the plural form of the nouns in the box. Compare with a classmate.

trick, year, duty, soul

b. Find in the text the singular form of the nouns in the box. Compare with a classmate.

I lived in Master Hugh's family about seven years. During this time, I succeeded in learning to read and write. In doing this, I had to resort to various tricks. I had no regular teacher. My mistress kindly started to instruct me. But she stopped at the advice of her husband. My mistress was a kind and tender-hearted woman. She treated me as one human being should treat another. But she had to do the duties of a slaveholder too. Slavery proved as harmful to her as it did to me. When I went there, she was a kindhearted woman. There was no sorrow or suffering for which she had not a tear. She had bread for the hungry,

families, times, teachers, mistresses, women, husbands, beings, slaveholders, sorrows, sufferings, tears, abilities, influences, hearts stones, temperaments brutalities

clothes for the naked, and compassion for all souls that she met. But slavery changed her ability to act so generously. Under the influence of slavery, her tender heart became stone. Her warm temperament changed into a terrible brutality.

Her warm temperament changed into a terrible brutality.

I lived in Master Hugh's family about seven years. During this time, I succeeded in learning to read and write. In doing this, I had to resort to various tricks. I had no regular teacher. My mistress kindly started to instruct me. But she stopped at the advice of her husband. My mistress was a kind and tender-hearted woman. She treated me as one human being should treat another. But she had to do the duties of a slaveholder too. Slavery proved as harmful to her as it did to me. When I went there, she was a kindhearted woman. There was no sorrow or suffering for which she had not a tear. She had bread for the hungry, clothes for the naked, and compassion for all souls that she met. But slavery changed her ability to act so generously. Under the influence of slavery, her tender heart became stone.

Answer

2. ACTIVITY-USE NOUNS TO COMPLETE SENTENCES

a. Complete the sentences below with the nouns in the box. Compare with a classmate.

support, society, cities, progress, soldiers, events, country, rights, changes, radio, film, wages, alcohol, decade, war, laborers, chance, conditions, affairs, strikes

The 1920s in the United	States are large	ly marked by two	o major (I)	: the
end of World War I and	the Wall Street	Crash, which se	nt the (2)	into the
Great Depression (1929	-1939). These tv	vo events speede	ed (3)	that were
happening much earlier i	n the American	(4)	The introd	luction of new mass
communications, such as	(5)	and (6)	, to	gether with female
suffrage and the prohibit	ion of (7)	, made 1	the (8)	different
from others. However, t	here was a certa	ain tension in the	American so	ciety, which was
known for celebrating bo	oth (9)	and tradit	ion. After the	(10)
the nation was spiritually	tired, hoping fo	or a (11)	to foll	ow private projects
and forget about public (12)	But postwar	labor was ex	periencing a lack of
(13) fron	n the governmer	nt, which favored	business inte	rests over workers'
(14) This	s led to a long se	eries of (15)	in v	which labor
demanded higher (16) _	and better	working (17)		This caused an
important population cha	ange – relocated	farmers, return	ed (18)	, and
unskilled (19)	moved into	(20)	that wer	e becoming
overcrowded.				

Answer The 1920s in the United States are largely marked by two major events: the end of World War I and the Wall Street Crash, which sent the country into the Great Depression (1929-1939). These two events speeded changes that were happening much earlier in the American society. The introduction of new mass communications, such as radio and film, together with female suffrage and the prohibition of alcohol, made the decade different from others. However, there was a certain tension in the American society, which was known for celebrating both others. However, there was a certain tension in the American society, which was known for celebrating both progress and tradition. After the war, the nation was spiritually tired, hoping for a chance to follow private projects and forget about public affairs. But postwar labor was experiencing a lack of support from the government, which favored business interests over workers' rights. This led to a long series of strikes in which abor demanded higher wages and better working conditions. This caused an important population change — relocated farmers, returned soldiers, and unskilled laborers moved into cities that were becoming overcrowded.

b. Complete the sentences below with the nouns in the box. Compare with a classmate.

Nevertheless, for m	ost Americans, the 1920	s was a decade	
of (I)	They experienced a ne	ew (2)	faith, money,
of liv	ring, and new technologic	cal advances.	dreams, businesses,
The (3)	in individual income of	contributed to	industry, writer,
increased purchasing	g power for many Ameri	cans. American	standard, individuals,
(4) F. Scott F	itzgerald's (5)	"The	pianos, ethic, rent,
Great Gatsby," reve	als how Americans went	on one of the	possessions,
largest splurges in (6	5) The ol	ld American	prosperity, public,
work (7)	changed from saving	g to buying as	production, boom,
much as possible. The	nere was a general (8)		credit, history,
among Americans th	nat this prosperity would	continue. This	novel, cars, period,
motivated both (9) _	and (10) _		things, food, nation
to take financial risk	s. Americans could, for i	nstance, buy	
(11)	television sets, (12)	, or w	ashing machines on (13)
This	contrasted with the tim	es before the 192	0s, when Americans in
general owned very	few (14)	, saved most of th	eir (15),
which they spent on	ly on essential (16)	, such a	s (17), basic
clothing, and (18) _	This (19) _	ma	rked the birth of a
	, in which the		
encouraging mass (2	.2) and m	ass consumption	by telling the (23)
that	they really needed all the	ose goods. The ac	lvertising industry was telling
Americans that they	were offering them thei	r (24)	.

Answer Mevertheless, for most Americans, the 1920s was a decade of prosperity. They experienced a new standard of living, and new technological advances. The boom in individual income contributed to increased purchasing power for many Americans. American writer F. Scott Fitzgerald's novel "The Great Gatsby" reveals how Americans went for many Americans. Americans write a standard among American work ethic changed from saving to buying as much as possible. There was a general faith among Americans that this prosperity will continue. This motivated both individuals and businesses to take financial risks. Americans could, for instance, buy cars, television sets, pianos, or washing machines on credit. This contrasted with the times before the 1920s, when Americans in general owned or washing machines on credit. This contrasted with the times before the 1920s, when Americans in general owned or washing machines on credit. This contrasted with the times before the 1920s, when Americans in general owned or washing machines and businessessions, saved most of their money, which they spent only on essential things, such as food, basic clothing, and rent. This period marked the birth of a consumer nation, in which the advertising industry was therefore the ling Americans that they were offering them their dreams.

The advertising industry was telling Americans that they were offering them their dreams.

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